# Instruction for English Learners

Special Populations Conference

August 2018



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#### **Mississippi Department of Education**

#### **VISION**

To create a world-class educational system that gives students the knowledge and skills to be successful in college and the workforce, and to flourish as parents and citizens

#### **MISSION**

To provide leadership through the development of policy and accountability systems so that all students are prepared to compete in the global community



#### State Board of Education Goals FIVE-YEAR STRATEGIC PLAN FOR 2016-2020



All
Students
Proficient
and Showing
Growth in All
Assessed
Areas





Every
Student
Graduates
from High
School and
is Ready for
College and
Career





Every
Child Has
Access
to a HighQuality Early
Childhood
Program





Every
School Has
Effective
Teachers and
Leaders





Every
Community
Effectively
Uses a
World-Class
Data System
to Improve
Student
Outcomes





Every
School and
District is
Rated "C" or
Higher





## **Session Goals**

- Review the tools found in the Instructional section of the MS EL Guidelines that will assist educators in meeting the needs of English learners
- Review instructional practices for working with English Learners at the elementary and secondary levels



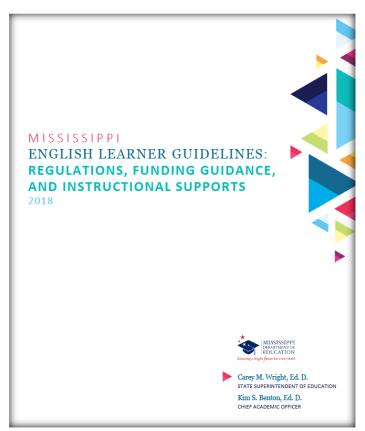
# **New English Learner Guidelines**

#### **Components Include:**

- Mississippi English Learner Guidelines
- Federal Education Grants that can Support EL Students
- Instructional Strategies
- Administrator Supports

Ensuring a bright future for every child

 USDE Dear Colleague Letter, Civil Rights of English Learners



#### Resources from the Instructional Strategies Section

#### Resources for:

- Parents
- Teachers and Administrators
- Students

#### APPENDIX A

RESOURCES FOR PARENTS

SOURCE	GRADE LEVELS	BRIEF EXPLANATION	WHERE TO FIND IT
Family Guides to Student Success	Pre- K - 8	Grade specific books with activities for home use using materials commonly found in the home to help students learn grade level concepts.	Local schools     http://www.mdek12.ore/ESE/links/resp.onse-to-intervention-teacher-support-team/family-guides-for-student-success-(spanish-versions)
Reading Rockets	К-3	A collection of resources including articles and parent reading guides among numerous other things.	www.readingrockets.org
Fun Brain	K-8	Interactive activities that help develop skills in English literacy	https://www.funbrain.com
Math at Home Toolkit	Birth - Pre-K	Resources for math play at home	https://www.naeyc.org/math-at-home
Supporting Parent Engagement in Linguistically Diverse Families to Promote Young Children's Learning: Implications for Early Care and Education Policy	Early Childhood Education (ECE)	Brief that highlights research to inform policy in terms of ECE programs and parent engagement.	http://www.researchconnections.org/childc are/resources/30185/pdf
National Clearinghouse for English Language Acquisition (NCELA) Resource Library	Pre-K - 12	NCELA webpage contains annotated articles, briefs, and their respective URLs related to family engagement for ELs and dual language learners.	https://ncela.ed.gov/resources- library?kevs=familv+eneagement



#### **Additional Instructional Resources**

- Cultural Awareness Checklist for teachers
- BICS CALP Checklist
- LaRue Reading Skills Assessment for Preliterate Children
- Instructional Strategies Menu for ELs
- TransAct

#### APPENDIX H INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGIES MENU FOR ENGLISH LEARNERS

Teacher Name				Date
STRATEGY	NO EVIDENCE OBSERVED	PARTIALLY IMPLEMENTED	FULLY IMPLEMENTED	ADDITIONAL
VISUAL SUPPORTS				Circle additional implemented/observed supports:
Labeling				Realia, models, pictures, videos,
Visual Schedule				PowerPoints with pictures/videos, timelines,
Manipulatives				graphic organizers, maps, charts, gestures,
Graphic Organizers (Venn diagrams, T-Charts, Flow Charts, etc.)				steps written out for procedures, charades, story maps, simply written clear directions,
Key terms/vocabulary are written out for students				other:
COOPERATIVE LEARNING STRATEGIES				Circle additional implemented/observed strategies
Peer Buddy				Choral readings, small group activities,
Think-Pair-Share				panel discussions, pair activities,
Jigsaw Activities				other:
Turn and Talk				
Read-around, write-around				



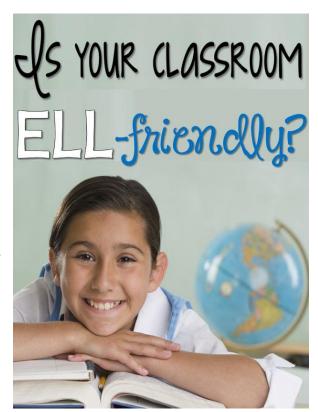
# Instructional

# Supports



# Classroom Set Up

- Provide a visual schedule
- Post anchor charts with daily routines and procedures
- Utilize a word wall with pictures of words





# **Classroom Set Up**

- Provide multicultural books with labels on the bins or baskets
- Label classroom items (in all classroom languages, if possible)





#### **Strategies for Creating a Welcoming Classroom Environment**

- Learn students' names correct pronunciation is key!
- Offer one-on-one assistance when possible
- Assign a peer partner
- Use an interpreter, if possible



#### **Strategies for Creating a Welcoming Classroom Environment**

- Invite their culture into the classroom
- Include ELs in a non-threatening manner
- Involve ELs in cooperative learning
- Help your ELs follow established rules





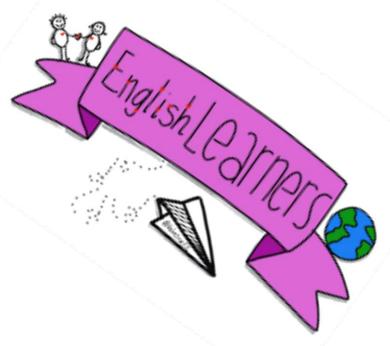
# **Creating a Welcoming Classroom**



# **Newcomer Kit**

- Newcomer Kit Introduction
- Newcomer Orientation Chart
- Communication cards (elementary and secondary)
- Sentence stem cards





# **Parent**

# Communication



# **Importance of Parent Communication**

- Benefits the students
- Helps parents feel comfortable with school personnel
- Improves the school community by tapping into parent skills





# **Reasons for Lack of Participation**

Parents may feel apprehensive due to lack of:

- English language skills
- Familiarity with mainstream culture
- Familiarity with US public school systems





# **Ways to Increase Classroom Communication**

Smile

- Use gestures
- Connect EL parents with bilingual interpreters if possible
- Translate written communication
- Use a few words or phrases in their language to make them feel welcome
- Provide needed schoolwide and classroom information

# **Ways to Increase Parent Participation**

- Host a back to school night in the language that most of your ELs speak
- Arrange for a tour of the school with a bilingual facilitator

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=i8mj1F0zLiw



# **EL INSTRUCTIONAL**

# STRATEGIES

Tier I Instruction:

Accommodations vs. Modifications



## **Start With Tier I Best Practices**

- Speak slower (not louder)
- Speak distinctly
- Give longer wait times
- Allow students to write out answers before speaking
- Refrain from allowing "shout outs" when asking whole group or small group questions
- Write down key terms or use visuals
- Utilize scaffolding techniques to support learning



Not yet

## **Start With Best Practices**

Incorporate conversation into all aspects of your teaching!

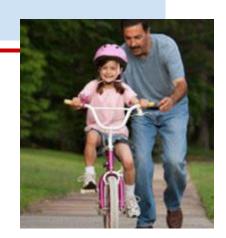
- 30 second conversations
- Turn and talk
- Think, Pair, Share





# **Scaffolding Refers to:**

- providing a variety of instructional techniques;
- moving students progressively toward stronger understanding of standards/skills;



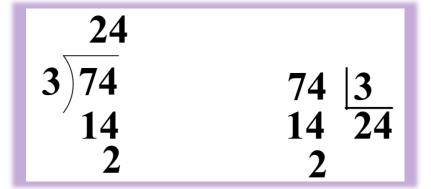
- moving students toward greater independence;
- breaking the learning into smaller sections and then providing a tool, or structure, with each part.

It's what you do first.



# **Scaffolding Examples**

- Use graphic organizers to make lessons more visual
  - Venn diagrams, flow charts, semantic maps, etc.
- Utilize sentence frames to support writing and speaking
- Connect new information to prior learning





# **Sentence Frame Examples**

• Science:

What is something <u>poisonous</u> that you should stay away from?

I should stay away from \_\_\_\_\_ because



# Accommodations and Modifications



#### **Classroom Accommodations and Modifications**

Success of our EL students can be significantly impacted by implementing appropriate accommodations and modifications.

- Accommodations don't change the actual content being delivered.
   They're add-ons, tools that ensure that students can demonstrate what they know without lessening their expectations.
- Modifications are changes made to the core content so that the learning objectives are different and more accessible for the student.

All testing accommodations are considered classroom accommodations *however* not all classroom accommodations are considered state testing accommodations.



# **Examples of Classroom Accommodations**

- Alternate responses
- Advance notes
- Extended time
- Teacher modeling
- Simplified written and verbal directions
- Frequent breaks
- Use of dictionaries/glossaries





## **Instructional Modifications**

- Are typically implemented when they are written in the LSP or an IEP
- Change the content or learning objectives, so teachers should try as many accommodations as possible
  - maintain instruction for the standard/skill
  - modify the reading material level as needed



## **Accommodations and Modifications**

Teachers must provide <u>documentation</u> of the accommodations and modifications used, as well as their results.

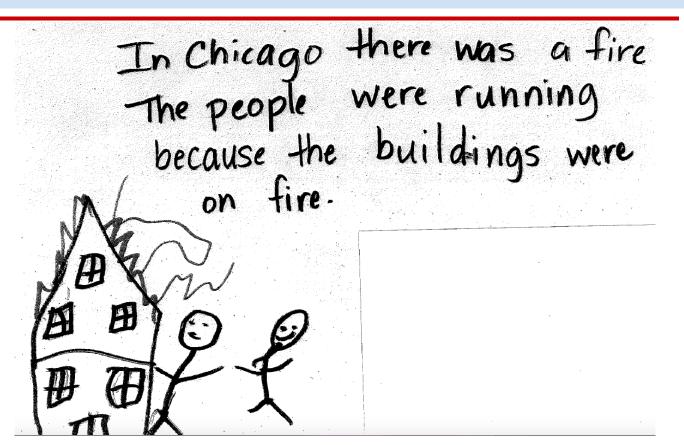


#### **Accommodation or Modification? Student Sample 1**

The fire was spreading really fost cousing william Brown to pull the alarm twice but one again nestruck the wrong box. Luckely when the fire fighters arous towards the wrong location that saw FACTO! the glow of the live and diace towards it. Alexander Frent was gonvia visit his step sister when he saw the give. When he fried to help her a mall yelled TOCIDSS the river meaning that the five was an both sides of the



#### **Accommodation or Modification? Student Sample 2**





# **Accommodation or Modification Activity**

Determine whether the scenario represents an accommodation or a modification. Hold up the correct card to identify.



#### **Accommodation or Modification?**

A classroom teacher provides an outline for the lesson with important vocabulary highlighted in a word bank box.

Accommodation: This allows the student to understand the main ideas of the lesson and important vocabulary without having to translate and choose the important information to put into their notes.



## **Accommodation or Modification?**

Teacher allows EL students to use an outline for the lesson with important vocabulary highlighted in a word bank box on formative and summative assessments.

Modification: EL students need to meet the same standards as all other students in order to be college and career ready.



## **Accommodation or Modification?**

Teacher allows EL students to use a word to word dictionary on formative and summative assessments.

Accommodation: This is an allowable state testing accommodation. If this is an accommodation on the student's LSP, it needs to first be implemented in the classroom.



# Strategies for Supporting Oral Language



# Activity



# Resources and Strategies – Oral Language

### **ACTIVITY**

- Choose a partner
- For 30 seconds, tell your partner about your favorite vacation or your dream vacation
- Here's the catch: you can't use any words that have the letter <u>n</u> during your conversation!



### **30 Second Conversations**

- Encourage language development by allowing students opportunities to practice fluency and social language
- Allow teachers to scaffold conversation by supplying vocabulary and sentence mazes as needed
- Allow teachers to build rapport with EL students
- Can be part of the morning routine as students are welcomed into the classroom
- Can be conducted by students with one another to practice social and academic language during structured "Turn and Talk" moments



# 30 Second Conversations – Examples



**Teacher:** Hi, Kelli! Did you have a good night?

**Kelli:** Good morning. Yes.

Teacher: I'm so glad! What did you do after you finished

your homework?

Kelli: I help cook.

Teacher: Who did you help cook?

**Kelli:** I help me mom and me grandma.

**Teacher:** I always loved helping my grandma cook. What did you make?

**Kelli:** We cook arroz con pollo and maduros. I help fry the plantains.

Teacher: Which was your favorite thing to eat?

Kelli: I like maduros. They have a good sauce. It is with

garlic and orange juice. It is good. Office of Elementary Education and Reading



- Provides EL students with opportunities to answer questions and practice newly acquired academic vocabulary
- Gives students sufficient wait time to translate the question being asked into their native language, process the answer, and translate the answer back to English
- Encourages English Learners to expound upon their answers by prompting students with elaborating questions



Teacher elaboration when the student's response is **correct**:

- You are correct! How did you learn that?
- You are right! What else do you know about that?
- Good thinking! Can you tell me more?



Teacher elaboration when the student's response is **partially correct**:

- You're heading in the right direction, but that's not quite complete. Do you have anything else to add?
- You're telling me some good things, especially the part about
   \_\_\_\_\_. What else?
- Yes! I agree that \_\_\_\_\_. Can you tell me more about \_\_\_\_\_?



Teacher elaboration when the student's response is in their **native language**:

- Do you know any English words to say that?
- Call on one of your friends to help tell us what you said in English.
- Can you help us translate that into English?



Teacher elaboration when the student's response is incorrect or confusing:

- Tell me more so I know what you're thinking.
- Help me understand what you mean. Tell me again.
- Do you think \_\_\_\_\_ or \_\_\_\_? (Give a right answer as one of the options.)





Teacher elaboration when the student is **silent**:

- Can you show us what you know by acting it out or drawing it?
- I'm going to come back to you and ask you again. Please get ready to talk with us.
- I really want to hear what you know about this. Let me know when you are ready. (Provide a yes or no question, or an either/or choice to the student to support their attempt to respond.)



# The Stages of Second Language Acquisition

- 1. Preproduction
- 2. Early Production
- 3. Speech Emergence
- 4. Intermediate Fluency
- 5. Advanced Fluency



\*It is important to tie instruction for each student to their particular stage of language acquisition.

# **Preproduction Phase**

- Little or no comprehension
- Survival English
- Silent period
- Learning basic conversation





# **Early Production**

- Limited comprehension
- One or two- word responses
- Simple vocabulary



- Students have between 500 and 1,000 English words they can use to communicate.
- Students usually use one or two-word phrases.
- Vocabulary and understanding are growing but students may be unable to demonstrate knowledge yet.



# **Speech Emergence**

- Understands social English/not much academic
- Writes simple and complex sentences
- Difficulty with content area vocabulary
- Grade level reading a challenge
- Students have about 3,000 words they can use and understand.
- They can have short conversations.
- They are able to understand simple stories, especially with visual supports.

# **Early Fluency**

- Fluent in conversation
- Difficulty with academic English
- Literacy skills below a native speaker
- Have about 6,000 words they use and understand
- Use more complex sentences
- Are more willing to express opinions



# **Early Fluency**

- Completion of math and science work at grade level with minimal support
- Literature and social studies understanding is growing.
- Increasingly able to read and understand academic texts with modification



# **Fluency**

- Students are close to performing like their native-English peers
- Still some difficulty with academic vocabulary
- May still struggle with figurative language
- May still have an accent (particularly if they entered puberty before they began learning English)

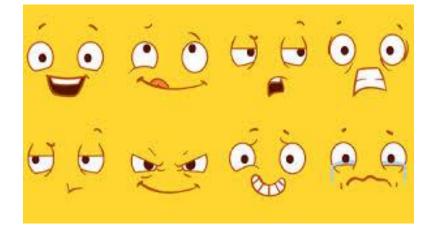


### **Examples of Language Acquisition Stages in ELs**

# Stages of Oral Language Development



- Personality of the Learner
- Introverted students may develop oral language later but develop written language more quickly
- Self-motivation
- Willingness to take risks
- Environmental Factors



Importance family places on English

- Amount of English spoken at home
- Whether the student is engaged in the broader Englishspeaking community
- Cognitive Factors
- Chronological age (8-12 is ideal age)
- Raw intellectual and linguistic ability





Native Language Development

Students with a strong foundation in their native language tend to excel.

Students who learn two languages at an early age can be more disorganized in their cognitive/linguistic processing.





- Characteristics of Native Language
- Languages like Spanish and French have a nearly identical alphabet and numeric system, while languages like Arabic and Mandarin do not.
- Students with languages that are not written or languages based more on "clacking" sounds tend to struggle more.



### Classroom Examples: **Preproduction**

Teacher Prompts	Three Little Pigs Questions
"Show me"  "Circle the"  "Where is?"  "Who has?"	Ask questions students can answer by pointing at pictures in the book.  "Show me the wolf."  "Where is the house?"



Classroom Examples: *Early Production* 

Teacher Prompts	Three Little Pigs Questions
Yes/no questions Either/or questions "Who?" "What?" "How many?"	Ask questions students can answer with one or two words.  "Did the brick house fall down?"  "Who blew down the straw house?"  "How many houses did the wolf blow down?"



### Classroom Examples: Speech Emergence

Teacher Prompts	Three Little Pigs Questions
"How?" "Explain"	Ask "why" and "how" questions students can answer with short sentences.  "Why didn't the brick house fall down?"  "Who blew down the straw house?"  "How many houses did the wolf blow down?"



### Classroom Examples: *Intermediate Fluency*

Teacher Prompts	Three Little Pigs Questions
"What would happen if?" "Why do you think?"	Ask "What would happen if" and "Why do you think" questions.
Questions requiring more than a sentence	"What would happen if the pigs outsmarted the wolf?"
response	"Why could the wolf blow down the house made of sticks, but not the house made of bricks?"



### Classroom Examples: *Advanced Fluency*

Teacher Prompts	Three Little Pigs Questions
"Decide if" "Retell"	Ask students to retell the story, including main plot elements, but leaving out unnecessary details.





# RESOURCES FOR SUPPORT

MDE Resources and Tools | Educational Apps | Websites



# Resources – MDE English Learner Page

COMMUNITY FAMILY EDUCATORS ADMINISTRATORS

### **English Learners**

Mississippi's English Learner (EL) population is growing rapidly, with the state now serving more than 12,100 identified EL students. In response to this growth, as well as requests from districts new to serving EL students, we are launching a series of recorded webinars designed to provide administrators, general education teachers, EL tutors and other educators with information on how to effectively serve this population.

For questions regarding EL services, as well as requests for on-site large or small-group professional development, please email Sandy Elliott at selliott@mdek12.org. Check back often for new resources!

### **Tools and Supports**

- English Learner Guidelines: Regulations, Funding Guidance and Instructional Supports
- Language Service Plan (Revised 2018)
- EL Professional Development Request
- Newcomer Kit introduction
- Newcomer orientation plan template
- Communication cards for elementary students
- Communication cards for secondary students
- English Language Acquisition Stages Information for Educators
- · Family welcome sheet
- · Sentence stem cards
- Visual schedule

### **EL Literacy Tips of the Month**

- Identifying EL Students (Aug. 2017)
- Vocabulary Development (Sept. 2017)
- Comprehension (Oct. 2017)
- Phonological Awareness and Phonics (Nov. 2017)
- Fluency (Jan. 2018)
- Other Webinars

### Elementary Education and Reading



Staff

⑦ FAQ

### **Services**



Academic, Career, Counseling and Support Services

Dyslexia

Early Childhood

English Language Arts

**English Learners** 

Gifted Programs

Intervention Services

Library

Literacy



# Resources – MDE Intervention Services Page

COMMUNITY FAMILY EDUCATORS ADMINISTRATORS

### Intervention Services

The Office of Intervention Services (Pre-K – 12) supports educators and parents who are working with struggling learners, including students who are learning English as a second language. This office is focused on improving academic and behavioral outcomes for students. Staff coordinate the local implementation of policies and procedures and provide professional development on Multi-Tiered System of Supports (MTSS) for school-based teams, administrators, staff, and parents.

The office also offers guidance and professional development opportunities for educators and parents related to intervention selection, data-based decision making, evaluation, progress monitoring, dyslexia, gifted learners, and English learners to ensure all students graduate high school ready for college and career.

### **Three Tier Instructional Model**

The Three Tier Instructional Model is a part of State Board Policy 41.1). This model is designed to meet the needs of every student and consists of three tiers of instruction:

- Tier 1: Quality classroom instruction based on Mississippi standards.
- Tier 2: Focused supplemental instruction.
- Tier 3: Intensive interventions specifically designed to meet the individual needs of students.

### **Tools and Supports**

- English Learner Resources
- Evidence Based Programs
- Family Guides for Student Success
- Family Guides for Student Success (Spanish versions)
   Family Guides for Student Success Training Materials
- Individual neading Plan
- Links to Response to Intervention Resources
- MTSS Quick Reference Guide
- MTSS Documentation Packet (Revised Summer 2018)
- MTSS 4-12 Screening Chart
- MTSS Flowchart for Pre-K 12
- Response to Intervention Best Practices Handbook (2010)
- Response to Intervention Essential Elements Matrices (2010)
- Response to Intervention FAQs (2010)
- Parent and Family Guide to Understanding Rtl

### Elementary Education and Reading

- & 601-359-2586
- Staff
- ? FAQ

### **Services**

Academic, Career, Counseling and Support Services

Dyslexia

Early Childhood

English Language Arts

**English Learners** 

Gifted Programs

Intervention Services

Library

Literacy

Mathematics



# Resources – MDE Literacy Page

### \*Note: Resources can be found under the "PD and Resources for Teachers" Link on the

### Literacy page

### Literacy

### Mississippi Literacy-Based Promotion

The Office of Elementary Education and Reading is responsible for supporting and training K-3rd grade teachers, curriculum specialists and other educators by providing research-based instructional strategies on literacy and guidance on the implementation of the Literacy-Based Promotion Act. Passed during the 2013 legislative session, the Literacy-Based Promotion Act (LBPA) places an emphasis on grade-level reading skills, particularly as students' progress through grades K-3. Beginning in the 2014-2015 school year, a student scoring at the lowest achievement level in reading on the established state-wide assessment for 3rd grade will not be promoted to 4th grade unless the student qualifies for a good cause exemption.

The LBPA was amended in 2016 and includes changes such as an Individual Reading Plan (IRP) and increased expectations for 3rd grade students beginning in 2018-2019.

Questions may be directed to Dr. Kymyona. Burk, State Literacy Director (K-12), at kymyona.burk@mdek12.org or 601-359-2586. Questions may also be directed to the K-3 Assistant State Literacy

Coordinators: LeighAnne Cheeseman, Jill Hoda, Casey Sullivan, or Kristen Wells.

Visit www.strongreadersms.com for the latest resources, activities and news about Mississippi's literacy campaign.

### Tools and Supports State Literacy Plan

 Mississippi Comprehensive Literacy Plan (Birth-12th Grade)

- Professional Development and Resources
- Resources for Administrators
- Literacy Research
- Resources for Parents
- IRP Guidance Webinar
- Kindergarten Integrated Centers for Literacy

### Resources for Teachers

### Literacy Focus for the Month

- Elementary Literacy Focus of the Month Manual
- . Elementary Literacy Focus of the Month Guiding Questions
- August Literacy Focus of the Month in Action (Screening & Diagnostics: Data Meeting)
- September Literacy Focus of the Month in Action (Phonological Awareness and Phonics)
- October Literacy Focus of the Month in Action (Vocabulary)
- November Literacy Focus of the Month in Action (Fluency)
- December Literacy Focus of the Month in Action (Comprehension).
- January Literacy Focus of the Month in Action (Writing Connected to Text)
- February Literacy Focus of the Month in Action (Cooperative Learning)
- · March/April Literacy Focus of the Month in Action (Reading Strategies: Before, During, and
- . Secondary Literacy Focus of the Month Manual
- · Secondary Literacy Focus of the Month Guiding Questions
- September Literacy Focus of the Month in Action (Morphology for Content-Specific
- October Literacy Focus of the Month in Action (Vocabulary and Word Attack Strategies) November Literacy Focus of the Month in Action (Fluency)
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- March/April Literacy Focus of the Month in Action (Reading Strategies: Before, During, and

### Regional Literacy Trainings

### Elementary

- · NEW ABCs of Coaching Day 1 Presentation
- · NEW ABCs of Coaching Day 1 Resources
- NEW ABCs of Coaching Day 2 Presentation and Resources
- NEW Passport to Literacy Training Binder
- NEW Rethink Literacy! Training Binder (3rd-5th Grade Teachers)

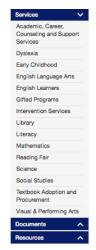
- · REL Southeast Literacy Tools for Middle School Training Binder
- REL Southeast Literacy Tools for High School Training Binder
- Rethink Literacy! 2.0 ELA/Social Studies Training Binder (High School)
- · Rethink Literacy! 2.0 Science Training Binder (High School)
- Rethink Literacy! 2.0 ELA/Social Studies Training Binder (6th-8th)
- . Rethink Literacy! 2.0 Science Training Binder (6th-8th)
- Rethink Literacy! 2.0 Math Training Binder (6th-8th)
- · Rethink Literacy! 2.0 Algebra 1 Training Binder

### **English Learners** November



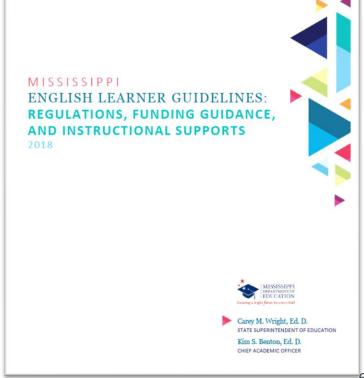


- September
- August
- · English Learner Supports
- · Academic Language and English Learners · Strategies for Teaching English Learners



# **New English Learner Guidelines**

- Mississippi English Learner Guidelines
- Federal Education Grants that can Support EL Students
- Instructional Strategies
- Administrator Supports
- USDE Dear Colleague Letter, Civil Rights of English Learners





### **Newcomer Kit**

### Path: MDE website, English Learners page



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- EL ...
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- Newcomer orientation plan template
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- Communication cards for elementary students
   Communication cards for secondary students
- Engineerination for Educators
- · Family welcome sheet
- Sentence stem cards
- Visual schedule





### **Newcomer Kit**

- Newcomer Kit Introduction
- Newcomer Orientation Chart
- Communication cards
   (elementary and secondary)
- Sentence stem cards
- Visual schedule template
- Welcome to Our School





# **Apps for ELs**

# **Chatterpix Kids (FRI**

Duck, Duck, Moose, Inc.

### Create "talking" images

- 30 second voice recording
- Add photo filters and stickers
- Save to camera roll



### Create "talking" images

- 30 second voice recording
- Add backgrounds and graphics
- Save to camera roll



# **Apps for ELs**

# Duolingo (FRE Duolingo

### **Key Features:**

- Personalize lessons
- Practice reading and writing
- Practice speaking and listening with



### **Key Features:**

- Nonfiction texts at different reading levels
- Primary sources,
   biographies, speeches,
   careers, and myths &
   legends
- •Sign-in with Google Credentials



### **Websites for ELs**



### **Key Features:**

- Enter your own text
- Simplifies difficult words
- Helps improve vocabulary

# News in Levels Key Features:

- Read or listen to news articles
- Graduated levels of learning
- Learn up to 3000 words



### Websites for Teachers of EL Students

### Teacher resources:

- ¡Colorin Colorado! <a href="http://www.colorincolorado.org">http://www.colorincolorado.org</a>
- Reading Rockets
   http://www.readingrockets.org/reading-topics/english-language-learners
- Edutopia <a href="https://www.edutopia.org">https://www.edutopia.org</a>
- Everything ESL <a href="http://www.everythingesl.net">http://www.everythingesl.net</a>

# **English Learner Contacts**

### Instruction

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